

British National Exhibition Will Be Means Of Developing Trade Between Empire's Units

The British Empire Exhibition which is to be held in London this year—the greatest exhibition of its kind ever held—has no primary purpose. The first is to bring the far-flung Dominions of the British Commonwealth into closer and more intimate touch with each other, and the second is to develop trade among the constituent countries of the Empire.

The latter object is perhaps the more important of the two from the point of view of immediate necessity. Trade carried on under free conditions is a great instrument for the promotion of goodwill. It teaches countries that their economic interests are mutually dependent and beneficial. The blood which binds the governing parts of the British Empire together will make trading relations more easy.

The British Empire Exhibition has no party or political significance. The recent general election has shown the danger of immediate political schemes into the discussion of the question of trade development within the Empire. There is a vast army of unemployed. Persuade him that we must be prepared to accept that fact compels as immediate action for many years to come. That is the chief despair which unworship of a people who have faced and overcome difficulties as great as the British Empire can find. It is the only way to be true that under the most favorable circumstances it will be some years before we can recover to the full and markets we have lost on the continent of Europe. Great Britain must give its help to the production and reconstruction of Europe for that is so important to our trade and commerce. We cannot afford to neglect any possible market.

But the British Empire is the greatest undeveloped market in the world. It is the most diversified market of the British Empire range from the natural resources of the frozen north to those of equatorial regions. This fact has a double importance to Great Britain. The British Empire, owing to the variety of its climate, is capable of producing and supplying every kind of food, and grown material for the manufacturers of Great Britain, and the great variety of manufactured articles needed by populations living under different climatic conditions gives diversity to the manufacturing trade of Great Britain.

In considering the possibilities of development of the British Empire we are apt to attach too much importance to the settlement of Dominions, to the neglect of the possibilities of the Crown Colonies and India. The latter have already vast populations which have at present a very low standard of living. There is a population nearly as large as those of Europe, and far larger than the whole population of South America, and more than twice the population of the United States. If we could raise the standard of living

in the Crown Colonies and India we could add hundreds of millions a year to the export trade of Great Britain. The only nation of Imperialism is that it is leading the subject peoples to a higher standard of civilization.

But more attention to the development of the one self governing parts of the Empire does not involve the neglect of the great possibilities of the Dominions. The latter of necessity will develop slowly because they must rely for an increase of population upon immigration from the home land. This raises the vital importance of the question of the better organization of migration schemes. The British Empire Exhibition ought to be utilized as a means for putting this matter on a more satisfactory footing. If facilities for the emigration of the right type of people to the various parts of the Empire can be arranged between the Imperial Government and the Dominion Governments, it will be greatly to the advantage of all the countries.

The exhibition should be valuable in serving the following purposes. It will show British manufacturers the character of the overseas markets. It will show the progress of the British market. It will bring traders throughout the Empire into personal contact with each other. It will give the general public a more adequate idea of the colonies as places of business. The exhibition should be so much to increase trade with the Empire; and as our exports to overseas countries are at present very low, the exhibition should be a stimulus to the development of trade with the Empire.

Good Roads In Saskatchewan

Spent \$1,150,000 On Road Construction

The Calgary Herald says a high tribute to the good roads policy of the Saskatchewan Government is being paid at length to the record of 446 miles of new provincial highways constructed in 1925, which brings the total miles constructed to date up to 760 miles. Saskatchewan spent \$1,150,000 on provincial highway construction during last year. On every mile of these highways payment of the Dominion subsidy will be made by the Ottawa Government. The provincial road system so far approved by the Federal Highways Commission has cost the Dominion Government the sum of \$747,518. These facts are quoted by the Calgary Herald by way of showing that Alberta, which has not as yet entered any of the money available under the Canada Highways Act. Alberta provincial authorities are planning to construct a road to duplicate some of Saskatchewan's activity and earn a part of the sum allocated to the province by the Dominion for approval road construction.

The Saskatchewan Government has already been successful in securing the policy of the highways department to leave to the local municipalities the building of roads which built by the department or by the municipalities. It has now been definitely decided that, in order to protect the large capital investment which the province is making in the construction of provincial highways and to carry out obligations under agreement with the Canada Highway Commission, the department will assume responsibility for the maintenance of all sections of federal aid roads from the date of their completion. To carry this out, a maintenance branch of the department has been organized under the immediate charge of the superintendent of highways. This work has been under way since the early spring of last year. The building of standard roads in Saskatchewan has been a settled part of policy of the Government since 1917. The work was directed for several years by Hon. J. F. Little, himself a good roads enthusiast. Apart from the work his department did, Mr. Little succeeded in arousing the provincial municipalities to a keener appreciation of the value of good roads. The work which he organized and his plans have been further carried on by the present minister of highways, Hon. J. G. Gardiner—Moose Jaw Times.

Peasimists Not Wanted
Nothing is so common as the local municipalities that are being urged in certain quarters over the economic conditions in Canada. If they are to be of any use, they must be able to make the mark, for Canada wants no peasimists at the helm at the present time. The country and conditions ought to be the watch word for 1926—Transit Express.

Settle Vacant Lands

Advocate Operation of Small Farms by Thrifty, Intensive Farmers

A systematic policy for the settlement of the clay belt of Ontario and the vacant lands in Kansas and Saskatchewan was urged by Sir Clifford Duffin in an address to the Canadian Club at Winnipeg. He stated that ten of thousands of settlers could be obtained from the British Isles, Scandinavia, and Central Europe, and suggested that the best way to get under contract as farm help of English farm laborers, who would later settle in the country, was a better system than to flood the country with transients who worked out their time and left. He advocated the operation of small farms by thrifty, intensive farmers.

Speaking of marketing conditions, Sir Clifford drew attention to the fact that the United States had, by diverting her wheat and flour to domestic markets, removed Canada's greatest competitor in the export market—wheat fields, which should be made accessible to the farmers of Western Canada by adjustment of lake rates on wheat and ocean rates on cattle. Sir M. McPherson, minister of the Atlantic, he said, these having knowledge asserted a 10 per cent could be obtained for the farmers.

Discussing banking conditions, he declared that the secure functioning of Canadian banks could be hardly secured by a central bank of capital.

Would Safeguard Depositors

Hon. W. R. Motherwell Says Time Has Come for Action

In Canada at present politics has degenerated to "cut-throat" competition, with the government in the position of the dealer, according to Hon. W. R. Motherwell, minister of the Atlantic, in speaking before the Women's Liberal Association at Ottawa. It was regrettable at a time when the country needed the protection of the government's hands should be left, he said. "Yet, the people, he said, are wise enough to see that this position."

Mr. Motherwell enlarged on the situation in the House of Commons, and announced that the government had hoped to break even on the debt this year, also that the C.N.R. debt, including debt charges, would be reduced to \$20,000,000.

The time had come when there should be a positive guarantee of safety to bank depositors. Mr. Motherwell said. Application of the credit fund redemption principle, he said, depositors might accomplish this.

Canada Leads In Wheat Trade

Says Winnipeg Grain Exchange New World's Greatest Wheat Market

Has Canada assumed the leadership of the world's wheat trading countries? Representatives of United States agricultural associations were asking each other this question as a result of a statement made by former president of the Philip Campbell, who appeared for the Chicago Board of Trade before the House, Ways and Means committee to urge the repeal of stamp taxes and other restrictions on the United States grain trade. Mr. Campbell said these restrictions have resulted in diverting vast amounts of business to Canada. "The Winnipeg Grain Exchange," he said, "now occupies the position heretofore held by the Chicago Board of Trade as the world's greatest wheat market."

Women In All Parts Of Canada

Tell Of The Good Work 'Dodd's Kidney Pills Are Doing

Mr. C. H. Lattimore tried them and is now recommending them to his friends. "Dodd's Kidney Pills have done a great deal of good for me. I have had many other remedies, but none of them have done what 'Dodd's Kidney Pills' did for me. I tell all my friends about them." This statement, which speaks for itself, is made by Mr. C. H. Lattimore, a well-known resident of this city. "Kidney trouble is a very common ailment of all classes of people, and usually a lot of valuable time is lost by using unsuitable treatments. A doctor should be consulted, and keep them healthy. Dodd's Kidney Pills stimulate and strengthen weak kidneys. They are used and recommended all over the civilized world. Dodd's Kidney Pills have restored health to many of the most prominent men and women in Canada. The 'Dodd's Kidney Pills' are sold by all druggists, or 'The Dodd's Medicine Co., Ltd., Toronto."

Not to Be Deceived to Trial
It is stated in Republican circles in Dublin that the government has no intention of withdrawing the support of the law and this decision is believed to apply to other prominent Republican leaders now in custody. The Court and conditions ought to be the watch word for 1926—Transit Express.

WESTERN EDITORS

Export Lumber Business Is Showing a Steady Growth

British Columbia's export lumber business is showing a steady growth and is one of the reasons for the general progress which this province is able to record in a business and commercial way. Water-borne shipments of lumber trade and this year should be the same period in 1925, an increase of approximately 78 per cent. Extraordinary activity prevails in the lumber trade and this year should prove a banner one for the industry. Requirements are said to amount to approximately \$25,000,000, and a great proportion of this business will undoubtedly be secured by the trade of British Columbia.

R. J. Wilson, Miller and Proprietor of The Eye-Witness, Herts, Man.

B.C. Lumber Trade

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Wants Naval Programme Speeded

Duchess of Athol Makes Her Debut in British House

The Duchess of Athol, one of the newly-elected women members of the House of Commons, made what was generally considered an auspicious debut on the floor of the House. Her maiden speech referred mainly to the government's professed intention to speed the navy relating to maintenance and separation orders in marital cases and other measures of special interest to women. The Duchess urged the need for accelerating the naval shipbuilding programme. She also urged, however, to see was caused throughout the world and would infinitely rather see expenditure on merchant shipping than on ships of war. The speech was well received by the house.

Co-operative Marketing

United Farmers of Alberta Would Market Farm Products Under One Board

Steps are to be taken by the United Farmers of Alberta for co-operative marketing of general farm products under one board, which would be elected from the board in charge of the wheat pool. The annual convention adopted unanimously a resolution asking the executive to appoint a committee of seven to survey the field of co-operative marketing, with power to organize the different commodities under the co-operative marketing system.

Says Farmer Pays for Labor Law

Charges that fully one-third of the increase in the cost of what the farmer pays is the direct result of the so-called labor laws on the statute books of Manitoba are contained in a special memorandum just submitted to the provincial cabinet by the legislative committee of the Employers' Association of Manitoba.

May Depend on Market Reports

Many dealers and mills pass their general business before they appear as bacon and cheese in British and Canadian homes. Producers of such products must therefore depend largely on market reports in determining the class of stuff to produce.

No More Biquettes

The little utilization Bette's bi-quested client at Montreal, Sask., has been closed and engineers who have been conducting experiments have departed.

Ruggedness of

SCOTT'S EMULSION

Builds It!

Definite Policy Of Immigration Is Now Put In Force By The Canadian National Railways

When, a little more than a year ago Sir Henry W. Thornton, K.C.B., was chosen to head the Canadian National Railways, one of his first acts was to put into motion machinery for aiding in the colonization and development of Canada, particularly along the line of the National System. He realized that one of the crying needs of Canada was for more population, and he has since been quoted, on several occasions, as saying that if Canada had a population of twenty-five million people, Canada would have no railway problem.

The organization of a department to look after colonization, and development was entrusted by Sir Henry to Mr. W. D. Robb, Vice-President, and Mr. Robb at once proceeded to build up the necessary organization to look after this most important national work. Investigations, conferences and careful planning gradually brought into being an effective department, the effort of the year culminating in the engagement of Dr. W. J. Black, Deputy Minister of Immigration and Colonization in the Dominion Government, as Manager of the Colonization and Development Department of the Canadian National Railways, with headquarters in London, England. That was early in the Fall of 1923. Dr. Black proceeded at once to Great Britain, where he spent some weeks carrying out a series of investigations. Those completed, he returned to Canada, where a general conference of the officers of the department was called and a definite plan of colonization and development was drawn up and announced. This was the first definite announcement on immigration to be announced in Canada.

In engaging Dr. Black, the Canadian National Railways secured an officer who is probably better acquainted with the immigration needs of Canada and the best methods of remedying those needs than any other man in Canada. For his life he has been connected with the agricultural industry and has run the ranches of all its kind in the Dominion. He was born and brought up on a farm in Dufferin County, Ontario, and in 1902 graduated from the Ontario Agricultural College with a B.Sc. degree. At his graduation he was appointed editor of the Farmers' Advocate, Winnipeg, Manitoba, and he held the post for two years. In 1905 he joined the Government of Manitoba as Deputy Minister, and he held the post which he left the following year to become President of the Manitoba Agricultural College. He remained in that important position until 1916, when he became Commissioner of Agriculture for Canada. At the conclusion of the Great War in 1918, Dr. Black was appointed Chairman of the Soldiers' Settlement Board of Canada, a position he held until his appointment in 1923 as Deputy Minister of Immigration and Colonization for Canada.

Dr. Black is a man who is thoroughly respected both for his opinions and his achievements throughout Canada. He is a leader in the Dominion, and his enthusiasm into his work and as a quiet but eloquent and convincing speaker is well fitted to broadcast the message of the Canadian National Railways.

There are seven points of the programme which has received the approval of Sir Henry W. Thornton and the principles of policy will be placed into effect immediately. Dr. Black sailed for England again on January 15th, and on his arrival in London his department commenced to function as a unit. The thorough character of the policy can be judged from a recapitulation of the seven principles, which are as follows:

- 1.—To encourage the immigration and satisfactory settlement in Canada of the largest possible number of people of European stock, and that the country can absorb and assimilate.
- 2.—To contribute to the dissemination of information concerning the vast and extensive natural resources of the Dominion and the widespread opportunities for industrial development which are available in many areas of other countries and invested where enterprises will be legitimately rewarded.
- 3.—To promote the land settlement of new Canadians under conditions which will ensure the maximum possibility of success in their farming occupation, and enable them to enjoy such social and religious institutions as are available to individual happiness and contentment.
- 4.—To encourage improvement in agriculture, and that more diversified methods may be employed in farming, and that crops, livestock and dairy products may be increased in accordance with market demands and prospects.
- 5.—To assist by organized effort in the immigration of young people of desirable type and character, especially from Great Britain, and in their place-



Dr. W. J. Black

ment in respectable rural homes where they may become qualified to participate in constructive activities and acquire citizenship of distinct value to Canada.

6.—To aid in the development of new opportunities for service and to facilitate the most favorable conditions possible for immigrants physically fit and anxious for work.

7.—To co-operate with the Federal and Provincial Governments and business organizations throughout the Dominion in promoting all measures calculated to contribute toward an increase in immigration of adaptable people, and to their settlement under the most favorable conditions possible.

Half of Population Own Homes

Australians Rank Among Most Prosperous People of the World

Accepting the ownership of a house as evidence of individual prosperity, Australians can claim to rank among the most prosperous people in the world. Probably in no other country does such a large proportion of the population own their homes. Mainly as the result of the activities of the government in providing facilities for persons of limited means to acquire their own homes, the number of private dwellings occupied by instalments, total 441,025 and 137,843 respectively. The Commonwealth statisticians has recorded that the percentage proportion of owners and prospective owners in the world is as follows: Australia, 53.3; New Zealand, 52.5; Tasmania, 52.0; and New South Wales, 52.3. Therefore, more than half the people of Australia live in self-owned homes.

Big Shipment of Pails

The largest consignment of far pails ever sent from Western Canada in one shipment, left Calgary recently for New York. The consignment consisted of 1,346 crates, or what are generally known as "big" pails. These crates were packed up from various parts of the province. There is a brisk demand at the present time for this type of pails, having increased from 12 to 412.

Late Maple Sap

Fresh made syrup, made from sap gathered in the sugar bush three days previously, formed part of the Christmas Day menu at the home of Mrs. C. G. Brown, living near Algonquin, Greenville County, Ont.

MRS. HENRY McDONALD

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The Redcliff Review

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
In Canada and Great Britain \$2.50
United States \$3.00

Issued on Thursday of each week at Redcliff, Alta.
Advertising Rates Furnished on Application.

Ed. L. Stone, Editor and Prop

THURSDAY, FEB. 28, 1924.

A GOOD LESSON

There is an old saying that if you give some people an inch they'll take a mile.

There is also a story told of a bald headed man who had wined too freely if not too well. While lounging, half asleep, in his club, a fly came along and lit on his bald pate, "Ate so right," he said to the fly, "you can have a good thing and enjoy yourself. Later a second, third and fourth fly came along and joined the adventurous one on the old man's head. By and by a whole bevy took part in the sport. The old man greeted them all in the same good natured manner and encouraged them to enjoy themselves. Finally a big wasp joined the party and, being carried away with the freedom enjoyed by the others, he bolted to sting the old man. With one foul swoop the old chap reclaimed his scalp with the remark: "Now just for that you'll all get off."

Activities in the police court during the past week remind us of the old saying which we have just quoted. Parents and the public generally, are frequently charged with giving too much latitude to young people now-a-days. There is little doubt but that the parents are the greatest offenders in this regard. To be sure the public will stand for more today than it would a few years back, but the public, like the bald headed man, can be depended upon to call a halt when things go too far.

Events of the past week should serve as a lesson to those who are prone to try just how close they can come to the limit mark.

EXTEND THE SCOPE

Members of the cabinet of Ontario and Quebec are getting together to discuss the question of having laws which effect residents of both provinces, made more uniform. This is a good move. As a matter of fact it would be a step in the right direction if some attempt were made to have the laws in all the provinces made more uniform.

At the present time our several provincial laws are such as would lead one to believe that each province was a separate and distinct nation, instead of all being one. Indeed there are cases where different parts of the same province have different laws, and in this, Alberta is no exception.

These differences in laws create an imaginary difference in standards and must naturally have a tendency to drive the different provinces apart, whereas uniformity of laws and inter-provincial agreements in education, professions and business would have the very opposite effect.

Ho—"Why do blushes creep over girls' faces?"

Cl—"Because if they can't they would kick up too much dust."

The Womans' Hall—"I went over our car maintenance accounts today. We really can't afford to keep a car. We'll have to do something."

The Better Half, sweetly—"Right, dear, but not keeping the house."

"Oh!!
"Hoody"
Serve them to the little ones
with Butter,
Milk or Jam



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SODA
BISCUITS

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Here and There

Manitoba is perhaps the most mountainous province in Canada. For instance, in Ontario, there were 54,771 mountains in 1921, a rate of 14 per 1,000, while in Manitoba it was 8.7 per 1,000 of its 610,000 population.

Eastbound steamship travel from Canadian ports via Canadian Pacific steamships is heavier at the present time than for several years past at this season, a recent report declares. Bookings in some instances have run as high as 17 per cent increase over those of last winter.

According to a recent official compilation, out of every 100 people in Canada, 31 live on farms. The 70,000 farms in Canada represent a gross worth of \$700,000,000 or about \$10,000 per farm, and produce an annual revenue of nearly \$1,000,000, an average income per farm of \$2,000 yearly.

From the opening of the crop year, September 1st, to the official closing of navigation, December 15th, the Canadian Pacific Railway reported the heaviest marketing of grain since the inception of the road. Cows loaded by the company since the opening of the season have numbered 116,332. Grain marketed topped the \$60,000,000 bushel mark.

Thirty-seven per cent of all automobiles in Canada are owned by women. Ownership of the motor, according to recent statistics, is made up as follows: business men and brokers, 16 per cent; salesmen and travelers, 16 per cent; professional men, 8 per cent; laborers, 4 per cent; contractors and heavy men, 1 per cent each, and miscellaneous and no occupation stated, 13 per cent.

When the Canadian Pacific liner "Empress of Canada" left New York on January 30th for her great round-trip cruise, she was the first Canadian vessel ever to commence such a voyage carrying a regular load of passengers. The expert of Canadian wheat, in addition to a free library, the stock includes many excellent recent books on travel, which will enable passengers to prepare themselves for the journey which will be as well as a large number of novels by the best-known authors.

Of the total wheat exported from Canada in November, amounting to 64,196,960 bushels, by far the greater proportion went to the United Kingdom, which took 43,815,331 bushels. The United States was second largest importer of Canadian wheat, taking 10,014,162 bushels. Italy came next, taking 4,014,162 bushels, and Greece next, with 3,004,400 bushels. The exports of Canadian wheat to France during the period amounted to 1,228,586 bushels and to Belgium 1,071,216 bushels. Those to Germany totaled 128,220 bushels.

In the heaviest competition, embracing entries from all important agricultural districts of the North American continent, Alberta farmers won 43 prizes at the recent international stock and grain show at Chicago. Two grand championships—Major G. L. H. Strang and oats, 7 W. Riglands—went to the Major Strang.

Also first with white field peas and Stunemaker Brothers, of the first wild clover seed. Major Strang's success is especially remarkable as he has only been a farmer four years.

The latest statements of the earnings and expenses of the Canadian Pacific Railway show that the strong financial position of the organization has been well maintained, and that a steady improvement has been achieved since the beginning of the past few years. The figures for December show gross earnings of \$19,128,074, working expenses of \$15,161,446, and a net profit of \$3,966,628, an increase of \$401,322 over the net profit of \$3,565,306 of December, 1923. The totals show gross earnings of \$195,737,000 and a net profit of \$37,477,410, an increase of \$1,777,410 over the net earnings of the year in 1923. Net earnings for this year were the highest since 1914 and gross earnings the highest since 1920.

"Who was that talking to you awhile ago?"

"That was Archie Johnson, my family physician."

"What did he say?"

"He said, 'No.'"

"Here, wait! This doughnut has taken it in."

"Well, I declare! I'll bet the ambitious little thing thinks it is a liver treat."

The bargaining for a cow had been going on leisurely for an hour. Finally the prospective purchaser came flatly to the point. "How much milk does she give?" he asked.

"She's a darn right cow," answered the farmer, who owned her, "but she's a darn good-natured critter and she'll give all she can."

Sandy and Pat were included in an exploration party and in a very remote spot they came across some empty bottles.

"Ah," said Sandy, "a Scotchman has been here first."

"No," said Pat, "if that were so, he would have taken the bottles back."

A result which was wearing an extra large size in boots was one night included in a party engaged in manoeuvres.

When the roll was called afterwards he was missing.

"Has anyone seen Kelly," inquired the sergeant.

"Yes sir," said a voice, "he has gone up to the cross-roads to turn around."

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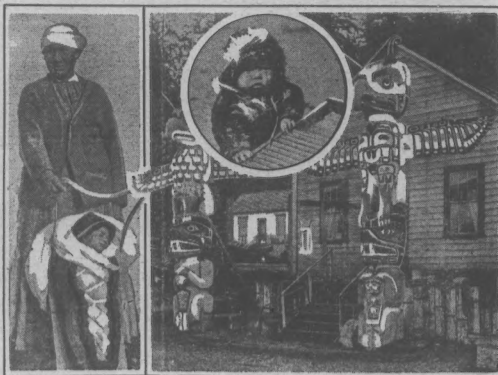
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Coastal Indians of Mysterious Origin



Left—A Siwash hunter and "Yagum". This photograph was taken on the Canadian Pacific dock, Vancouver, where the Siwash and Yagum Indians are to be found in these old colored posters of the Siwash and Yagum Indians.

The Indians of coastal British Columbia are unlike any other Indians of North America. The name "Siwash" by which they are commonly distinguished from the plains Indians, is a corruption of the French word "sauvage", which the early explorers usually applied to them. It is not a native name. They do not look at all like the plains Indians but like Orientals and though their history is so obscure that it is impossible to trace their origin, it seems to prove beyond doubt that they are sprung from some stock, most probably the Japanese. It is a fact that if a Siwash and a Japanese are dressed alike, one can hardly tell them apart.

How these people crossed the Pacific is a mystery. Perhaps they are the survivors of some hapless armada blown across the ocean in some bygone age. Perhaps they deliberately sailed across, like Columbus of the East. Perhaps they crossed by the ice of the Bering Straits. Anywhere they are, they are.

There are many other points of resemblance between the Siwash and the Orientals. Like the primitive Japanese, the Siwash live by hunting and fishing and are much on the water—in fact, their names are to them what the horses was to the Sioux. Like the primitive Japanese, again, and unlike the plains Indians, they do not live in tents but in houses, which are of very similar architecture to those of the Flowery Kingdom, though built of wood. And, like the Japanese, they are a very peoplic people with a profuse and beautiful foliage.

But the most remarkable distinction enjoyed by the Siwash in their art, which does not resemble that of any other race—certainly not that of any other American Indian. Of this conventional realism, which is the Siwash, their buildings are richly and fantastically carved. Their ceremonial dresses are equally elaborate. They delight in bold designs and bright colors, especially in red, blue and green, used in conjunction with black and white. The striking feature of Siwash art is found in their grotesquely carved and painted totipole. These poles are placed before the houses. These poles made to represent a column of diabolical birds and beasts standing over the other, from which it literally a family tree, the various totems telling the story of the ancestry of the people living in the house behind them. The Siwash also manufacture weird images resembling the idols of African tribes, which are intended to exercise various supernatural powers, such as the driving away of evil spirits. The Siwash of past times were in some instances, a warlike lot, fond of fighting and bloodshed. Occasionally, Siwash speak truth, they put their decorative ability to sinister use. There is a story well known for, of a festive meeting between two tribes which had called a truce in their otherwise perpetual feud. One tribe invited the other to a friendly banquet in the community dining hall. The architect, after the fashion of natives, who glory in complicating simple things, had as designs to the hall that the only entrance was through the back of an enormous wooden house, which had an entrance to the hall and back. Every one who entered had to go through the back and forth. In turn, the guests scrambled to the back and vanished, until all had disappeared. None of them ever came out. Their treacherous hosts within, armed with clubs, gave each man his pole as he passed. The Siwash of today are an extremely large group of getting rid of objectionable folk, who are the possible immigrants, though not one which appeals to Christian man, they are the Siwash. The Siwash are quiet and law-abiding citizens of Canada. But fine specimens of their picturesque art may still be seen at several villages not far from Vancouver and Victoria.

SPRING TIME CLEANING TIME

We Have the Needful

ALABASTINE, VARNISH, STAINS, TURPENTINE,
PAINTS, LINED OIL, BRUSHES, BROOMS,
OCEANIC MOPS AND OILS, FLOOR CARPET
& LINO, WINDOW SHADES, CURTAIN
RODS, CURTAIN SCRIMS, MUSLINS,
DRAPERIES AND HANGINGS
NEW GOODS TO BRIGHTEN YOUR HOME

Broadway Department Store

Interesting Local Items

The I. O. O. F. Grand Lodge convention will be held in Medicine Hat next year.

Mrs. Geo. Lydall spent a few days in Calgary this week visiting her daughter who is attending school there.

There will be a dance in the U. F. A. hall at Box Springs on Friday evening, Feb. 29th. Good music and refreshments are invited to attend.

Mrs. E. Walford entertained a number of friends at her home last Tuesday afternoon and a most enjoyable afternoon was spent.

W.T. Lockwood who has been spending the winter in the States, returned to town last Tuesday and will remain here for a few days on business.

The weather is surely handing out real sunny southern Alberta weather these days. The last week has been much like any day weather.

Quite a number from here took in the wrestling match in Medicine Hat last Monday evening and report as interesting.

The regular meeting of the G. W. V. A. will be held in the club rooms on Sunday afternoon, March 2nd at three o'clock. All members are urged to attend.

Don't forget the oyster supper with wild and social evening in the Lake Valley school tomorrow (Friday) evening under the auspices of the Bresslaun local. A good evening's entertainment is assured.

The entertainment committee in connection with the local I. O. O. F. lodge is putting on a dance in the 'Cliff Hall' on Friday evening of this week. This will be a Leap Year dance to which all are invited.

There will be a whist drive and social evening in St. Andrew's parish hall on Monday, March 3rd. This will be the last of these social evenings for the season. An invitation is extended to all to attend.

The regular meeting of the Town council was held last Monday afternoon instead of the evening this week. Beyond the passing of the estimates for the year no other business was taken up.

At the G. W. V. A. convention in Lethbridge last week Alex. Walker, of Calgary, was elected provincial president; H.B. Baker, of Medicine Hat, past president was elected provincial representative on the Dominion Command. Tom Longworth, of Lethbridge, was elected first vice-president.

Miss Peggy Boyd of Brutus who was on her way to visit her sister Mrs. Ebor of Calgary spent the week end in Redcliff the guest of Mrs. Wenden where she met several of her many friends. The hospitality at the Boyd home is well known, as visitors to that district always receive hearty welcome.

In view of the tremendous destruction by grasshoppers in Montana this summer it is the intention of the provincial legislature to keep close watch over the pests this spring and summer, and if necessary carry on a systematic campaign against them.

There is considerable talk of a lack of proper precaution at the right time these pests. The considerable bandway out south of the boundary, Montana officials will co-operate with Alberta in fighting these pests this year.

The Saving Habit

Saving is easy—it just takes a little determination to get the habit.

If you will only determine to save a certain sum each week, and stick to your resolve, in a surprisingly short time there will be a substantial sum to your credit. Try it! Operate a Savings Account at this bank.

IMPERIAL BANK
OF CANADA
REDCLIFF BRANCH
A. MCKENZIE Manager

Picture Show to Move To Empress Theatre

Beginning on Friday evening of this week the picture show which has been running in the Amuse-U theatre for the past few years will be run in the Empress theatre, Third St.

This change will be good news to the patrons as the Empress is a brighter more airy and more compact theatre both for picture shows and entertainments.

A good bill is on for this week end and there will be a special feature on next week. The serial "Around the World in 18 Days" is proving most interesting and is attracting good crowds.

The result of the Sunny South municipal nominations with Mr. Elmer Dwyer as returning officer, is as follows: John Roughton for District IV, and District I remains vacant at present time.

FOR SALE—Team of heavy gelatin in good condition; set of heavy work harness with collars; one driver's harness; one harness; one harness in good running order. Apply to J. C. SMITH.

FOR SALE—One small greenhouse 14 ft. by 16 ft. must be moved. Apply to Review Office.

FORD ROADSTER For sale, model 1919, in good condition, cheap for cash. Apply Shiloh, First Street.

FARM TO LET OR FOR SALE—Apply to A. J. WALLACE.

TO SELL—About 20 bushels cleaned seed oats, grown from "Registered" seed. Apply to Review Office.

ST. AMBROSE CHURCH
Rev. C. F. Orman.
Quinquagesima Sunday, March 2nd, 11:00 a.m., Holy Communion, 12:15 Sunday school.

PERCY DANIELS has opened up a branch in Keats' cigar store and Lillard's. Mr. Daniels has had a varied experience in the cigar trade and has already made many friends.

E. Ellis, caretaker of the school here is confined to his bed suffering from an attack of pneumonia. Latest reports are, however, that he is progressing favorably.

Quite a number of people in town are now interested in playing Mah-jong, a popular Chinese game, which has recently been introduced on this continent. They say it is a most interesting game.

The teen age girls' class of Gordon Memorial church will hold a St. Patrick's tea in the church from 5 to 8 p.m. and a supper from 8 to 7 p.m. This will take place on St. Patrick's day, March 17th. Keep the date in mind.

We understand prospects are good for a harvest season in this district this coming summer. At a meeting held at Medicine Hat last week it was decided to form a league with three teams from Medicine Hat and one in Redcliff.

A billiard tournament under the direction of the provincial amateur association is being carried on in Keats' hall. In the first event, F. Balfour and C. Chapman are in the final. The second event for a prize of two ones is now progress.

At a well attended meeting of ladies in Gordon Memorial church yesterday afternoon it was decided to form a women's missionary society. The following officers were elected: Pres., Mrs. T. S. Paton; Vice-Pres., Mrs. A. Smith; Treasurer, Mrs. D. C. Smith; Treas., Mrs. E. H. Selhorn.

In the championship wrestling match staged in Medicine Hat last Monday evening, Jack Taylor of Lethbridge, sustained his title as champion, heavyweight wrestler. Howard Cantowine, the Iowa challenger, put up a good fight and put the champion to the mat once, with the head scissers and the foot lock. Taylor threw Cantowine twice.

Little Eddie Orsog, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Orsog, met with a very painful accident last Monday evening. While playing with a tin disc about the size of a quarter, the child put it in his mouth and swallowed it. The disc lodged in the throat causing great pain. The little fellow was taken to the Medicine Hat hospital, where, after the X-ray was applied, the doctors located the disc and succeeded in removing it. The boy is now progressing nicely.

Comedy
"Fools for Luck"

USUAL PRICES
MON. and TUES.
MARCH 3rd and 4th

SPECIAL FOX FEATURE
"Fast Mail"

Prices for the Show
25c and 45c
Note Change in Theatres

Comedy
"Fools for Luck"

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USUAL PRICES
MON. and TUES.
MARCH 3rd and 4th

SPECIAL FOX FEATURE
"Fast Mail"

Prices for the Show
25c and 45c
Note Change in Theatres

Hugh Watson is confined to his home this week with a severe cold. At the annual meeting of the New

Holland school district the following trustees were elected: Mrs. Leoline and G. Van Dyke. These are to fill the vacancies on the board. The school is now in session. The new re-elected secretary-treasurer, H. J. Ryan and J. Reintjes. L. Visser was re-elected secretary-treasurer.

C.N.R. PREDICTS
A BIG IMMIGRATION

The immigration policy of the Canadian National Railways is meeting with considerable success in Great Britain, according to reports received from W. J. Black, European manager of the Department of Colonization and Development, who is now in London. Indications to date are that with the opening of spring labor, numbers of immigrants will take advantage of the scheme and the movement this year promises to be the largest since pre-war days.

WOULD REDUCE MEMBERS
IN SASK. LEGISLATURE
The members of the Saskatchewan legislature are considering the advisability of reducing the number of constituents to be represented in the Saskatchewan legislature when D. A. McEwen, government Registrar, moved the following resolution: "That in the opinion of this legislature the government should, with consideration the advisability of reducing the number of constituents to be represented in the Saskatchewan legislature, should be as nearly as practicable equal in population."

DRUG STORE NEWS

PAY DAY SPECIAL

A ONE PINT HOT WATER BOTTLE

Guaranteed. Colored metal case, nickel cap with handle attached, to be used as a drinking cup. Pay Day Special.

\$1.25

Not more than to one customer

Also

GOLDEN MELTAWAY AND BUTTERCRISP CHOCOLATES

Pay Day Special, per pound

50c

CECIL T. HALL
DRUGGIST

ST. MARY'S CHURCH
Celebration of Mass 2nd and 4th Sundays of each month at 8:00 a.m. by Rev. Father Fitzpatrick.

SALVATION ARMY
Services will be held regularly each Sunday. Sunday school 2 o'clock. Salvation meeting 7:30. Midweek service every Wednesday at 8 o'clock. All services held in the Howard building. Every body.

The Salvation Army would be very glad to receive donations of clothing or anything that could be made use of for relief purposes. Any person desiring to help please phone 49 and we will be glad to call. Thank you.

KEATS' Billiard Hall

Tobacco Cigars

Cigarettes

Fancy Boxes of Chocolates, etc.,

Provincial Amateur

BILLIARD TOURNAMENT

Now On

BARBER SHOP

Now Open

Percy Daniels in Charge

A TRIAL SOLICITED

3rd St. Next Amuse-U

Ladies! Attention!

The traveller for Ladies ready-to-wear Cloaks, Suits and Silk Dresses for Spring, will be at our Store on FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 29th, with a complete assortment of these goods. Reserve your order until you see them.

PRICES MODERATE.
These are the Latest New York fashion.

The HICKS TRADING CO.

'CLIFF HALL, Redcliff
Sunday Even'g, Mar. 2

AT 7 O'CLOCK
ILLUSTRATED

Bible Lecture

Subject: "The Way to Paradise"

Speaker: Mr. V. MORRISON.

Seats Free No Collections
I. B. S. A.

A Nice Grape Fruit

FOR BREAKFAST

and some Head Lettuce

FOR LUNCH

Will help solve the Sunday meals. We will have both on hand Saturday. Phone or call, and leave your orders early.

GOOD LINE OF
CONFECTIONERY, TOBACCOS, CIGARETTES, ETC.

REID'S ICE CREAM PARLOR

THIRD STREET NEXT AMUSE-U THEATRE

SCOTT'S LUMBER YARD, REDCLIFF

We Stock Everything in

Lumber and

Building Material

Agents for
LIFE INSURANCE CO.
and
SCOTTISH METROPOLITAN FIRE INSURANCE

Leap Year Dance

IN CLIFF HALL

Friday, February 29th

Given by I.O.O.F. Committee
Everybody We'll come